

Microbiota transplantation strategies to improve neonatal gut health

CPH PIG annual seminar 2021

Anders Brunse
Comparative Pediatrics and Nutrition, KU
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KØBENHAVNS UNIVERSITET



Animal experimental facilities

Neonatal intensive care unit



Milk feeding unit



Microbiota transplantation

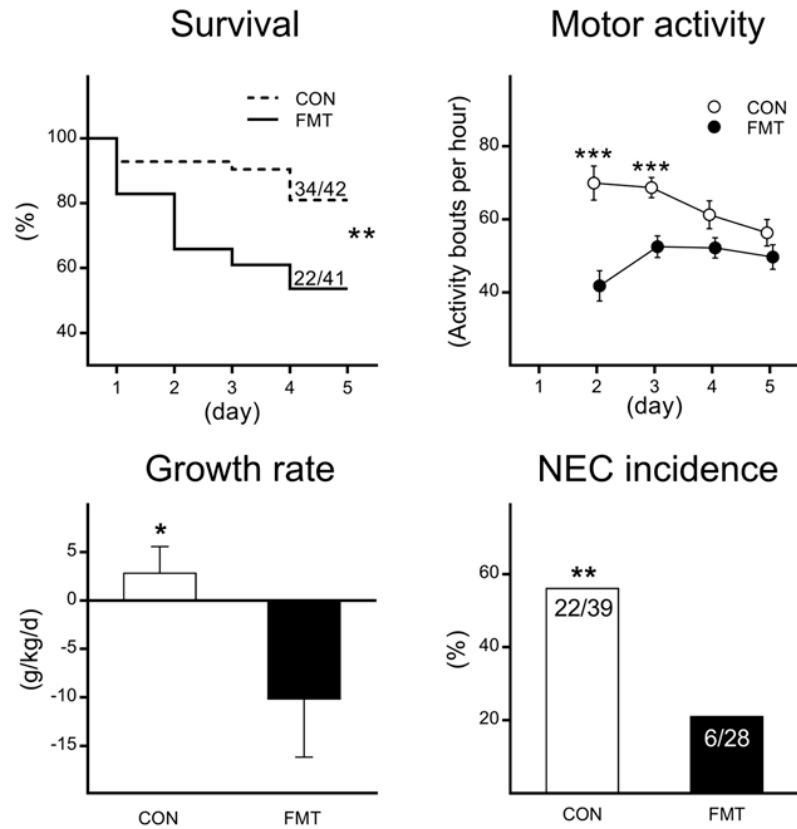


Microbiota transplantation – experimental variables

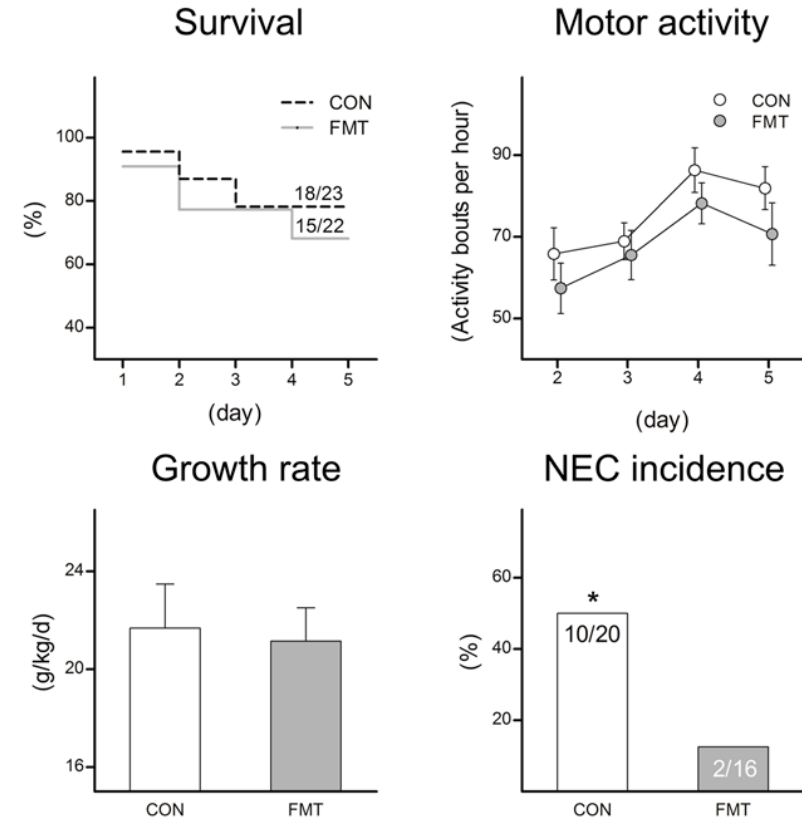
- Route of administration
- Donor specificity
- Interaction with antibiotics
- Timing
- Sterile filtering

Route of administration

B Oral + rectal FMT

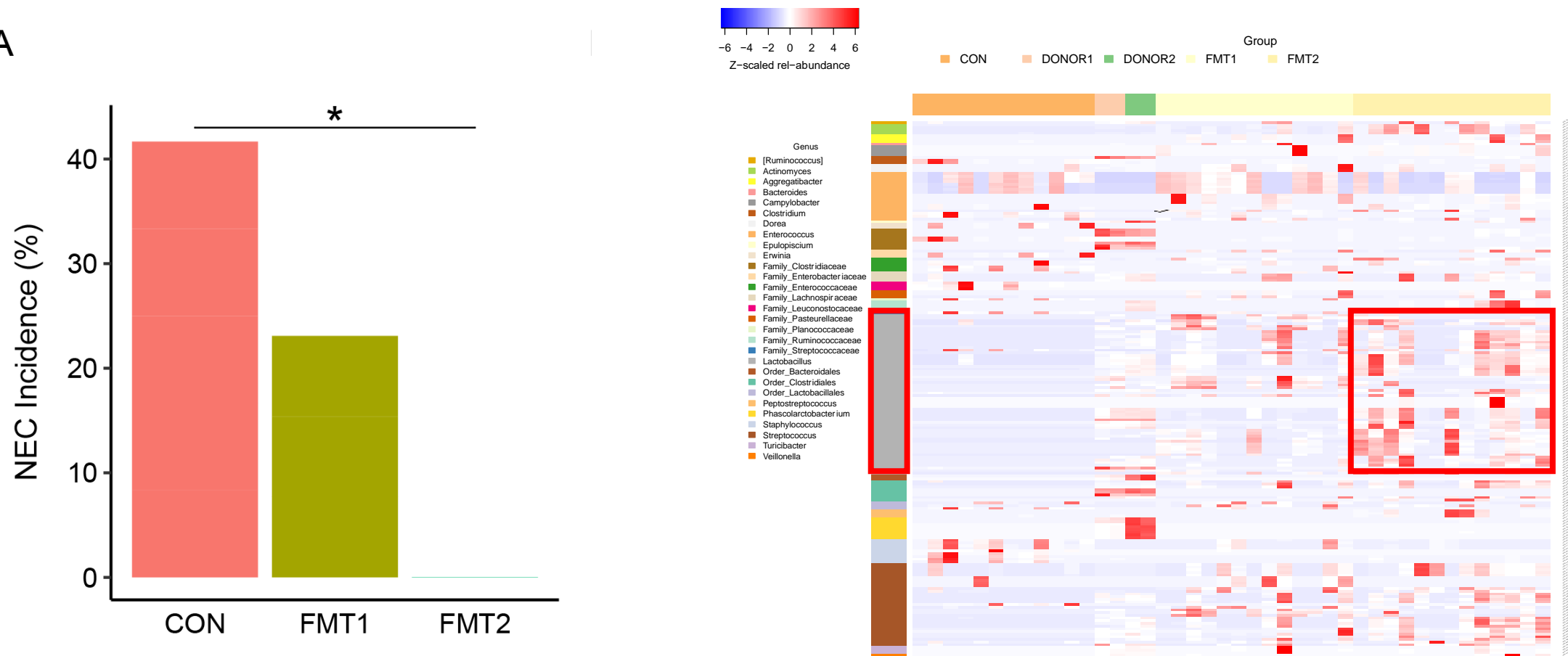


Rectal FMT

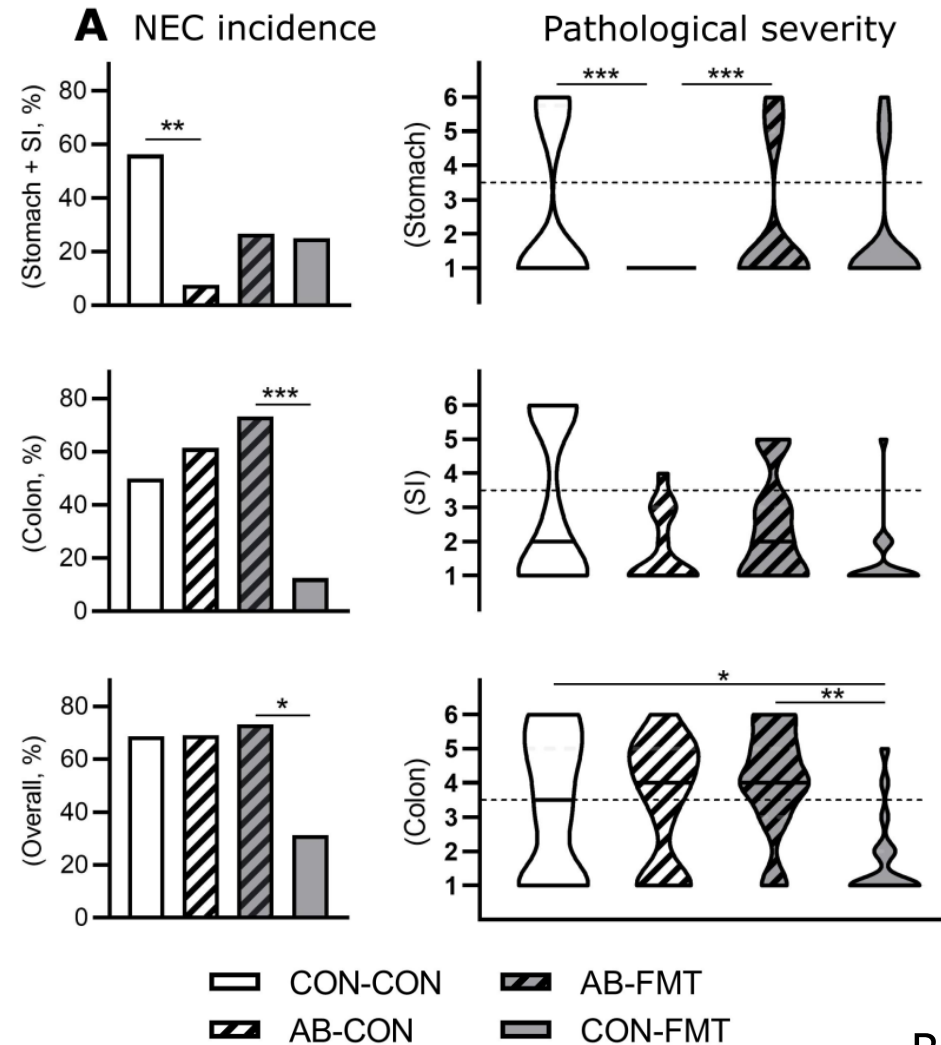


Donor specificity

A

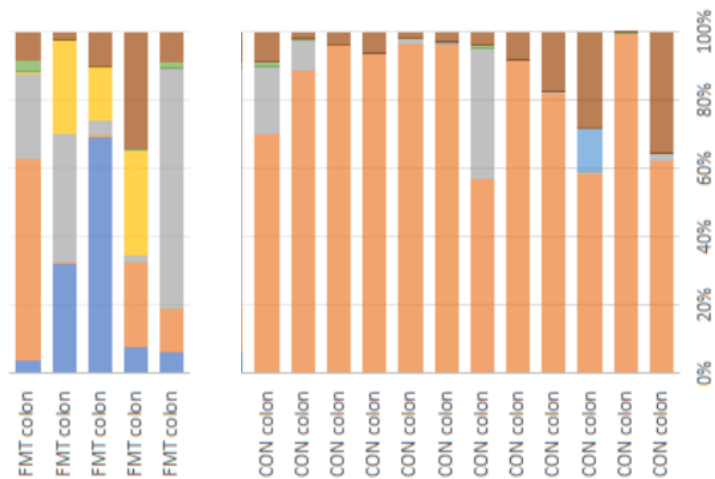
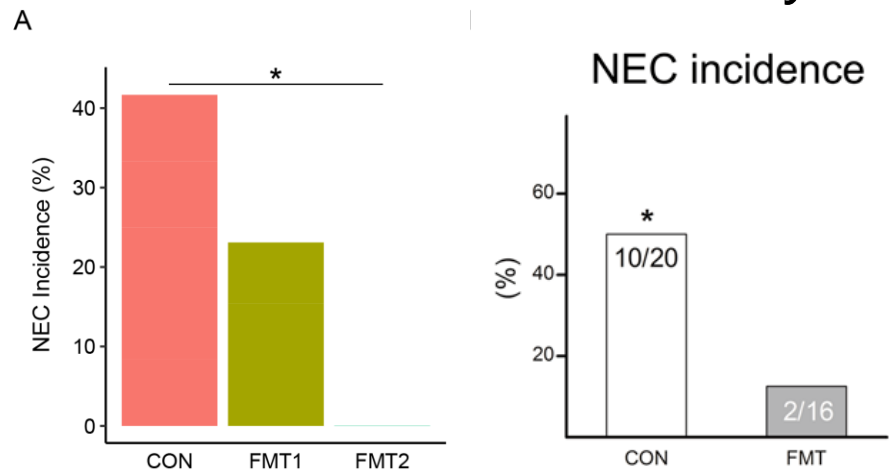


Interactions with antibiotics

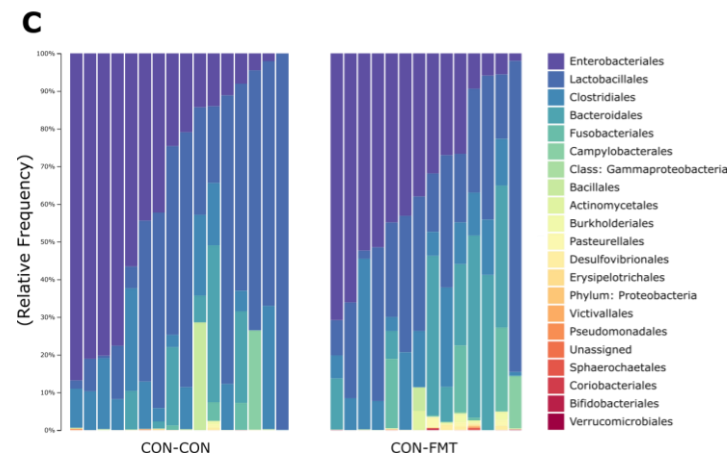
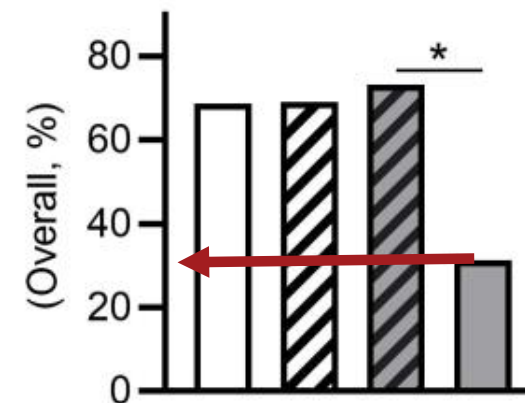


Timing

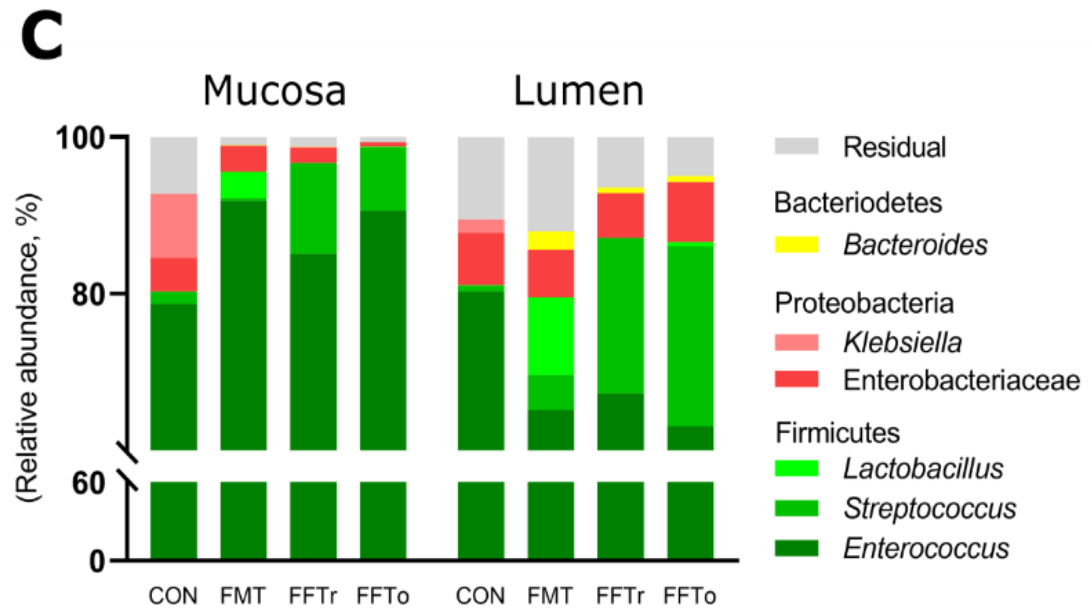
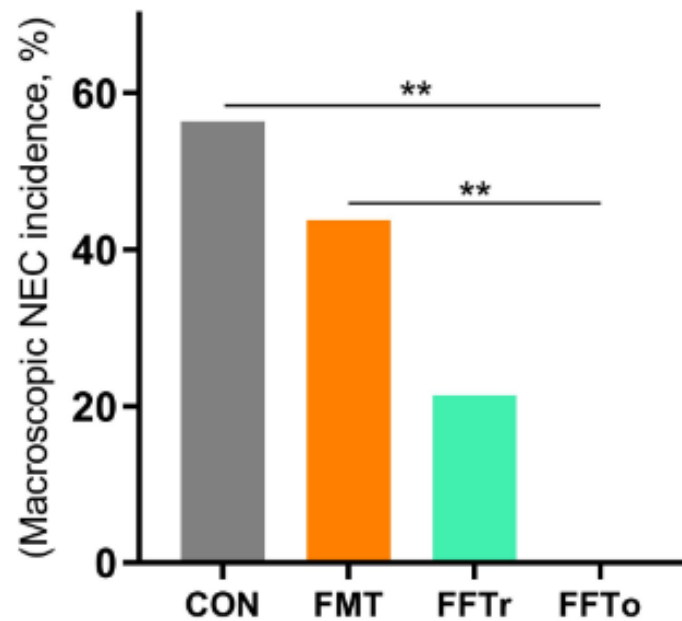
Inoculation on day 1



Inoculation on day 5



Sterile filtering



Take-home message

- Rectally administered FMT is safer than oral administration
- Not all pigs are equally suited as fecal donors
- Antecedent antibiotics may negatively affect FMT
- Early FMT administration appears superior to delayed
- Bacteria-free fecal filtrate is safer and superior to FMT